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APPLICATION NO).	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/603,676		06/25/2003	Patricia C. Tibbenham	202-1573	202-1573 3749	
32994	7590	05/13/2005		EXAMINER		
		ROUP, PLLC	PAYNE, SHARON E			
25 STEVE		AL TECHNOLO(NUE	JIES, INC.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WEST LA	WN, PA	19609		2875		
				DATE MAILED: 05/13/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/603,676	TIBBENHAM ET AL.	
Office Action	Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Sharon E. Payne	2875	
The MAILING DATE Period for Reply	E of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address -	
THE MAILING DATE OF - Extensions of time may be availal after SIX (6) MONTHS from the n - If the period for reply specified ab - If NO period for reply is specified - Failure to reply within the set or e	THIS COMMUNICATION. ble under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 nailing date of this communication. ove is less than thirty (30) days, a reply above, the maximum statutory period w xtended period for reply will, by statute, ater than three months after the mailing	'IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI date of this communication, even if timely filed	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communica O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status				
2a)⊠ This action is FINA 3)□ Since this application	on is in condition for allowan	ebruary 2005. action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro ax parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45		s is
Disposition of Claims				
4a) Of the above class 5) Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 2</u> 6) Claim(s) <u>9-13</u> is/are constant of the following states of the following	e rejected.	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers				
10) The drawing(s) filed Applicant may not red Replacement drawing	quest that any objection to the ogsets and the correction of the corrections.	r. epted or b) objected to by the E drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj aminer. Note the attached Office	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19	,		
a) All b) Some of Some of Some of Some of the application from Some of the som	c) None of: ies of the priority documents ies of the priority documents certified copies of the prior om the International Bureau	s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)				
·	nt Drawing Review (PTO-948) nent(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marrazzo et al. (U.S. Patent 6,349,984) in view of Roessler (U.S. Patent 6,369,395).

Regarding claim 9, Marrazzo et al. discloses open informational images formed in the handle (Fig. 4). Marrazzo et al. does not specifically disclose images such that no phosphorescent material is present within the images.

Roessler discloses images such that no phosphorescent material is present within or underlies the images (column 4, lines 1-2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the bare images of Roessler in the apparatus of Marrazzo et al. to make the image contrast with the background in a way that is more readable and more noticeable in the dark.

Concerning claim 10, Marrazzo et al. discloses the open informational image being formed in the grasp portion (Fig. 4).

Regarding claim 11, Marrazzo et al. does not disclose the open informational image in the shaft portion. Roessler discloses the open informational image being formed in the shaft portion (Fig. 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the configuration of Roessler in the apparatus of Marrazzo et al., because aesthetic design changes involve only routine skill in the art. See M.P.E.P. 2144.04.

Concerning claim 12, Marrazzo et al. does not disclose the shaft portion and the grasp portion connected to form a T-shape configuration.

Making the shaft portion and the grasp portion form a T-shaped configuration is considered to be an obvious variation. Since the shaft and grasp portions are well known in the art, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make them form a "T" shape, since changes in shape are considered to involve only routine skill in the art. See M.P.E.P. 2144.04.

Regarding claim 13, Marrazzo et al. discloses the handle as an emergency trunk release handle operatively connected to a trunk lid latch mechanism locking the trunk lid to an automobile chassis (Fig. 1). Marrazzo et al. does not disclose the first open informational image forming an image of a vehicle with an open trunk with a caricature of a person jumping out of the open trunk, the second informational image forming an arrow pointing toward the grasp portion.

Making the informational images as described in the claim constitute an obvious variation. Since the informational images are well known in the art, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the informational images as described in the claim, since making the images any certain

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way constitutes aesthetic design changes that involve only routine skill in the art. See M.P.E.P. 2144.04.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 1-8 and 21-25 are allowed.

4. Claim 14 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

5. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter. The prior art fails to disclose a handle with the following features:

1) a first open informational image formed within the grasp portion such that no light emitting material is present within or underlies the first open informational image as recited in claim 1;

- 2) a shaft portion formed with an enlarged head portion having a deformable clip member formed therein as recited in claim 14; and
- 3) a shaft portion formed of a light emitting material and including a deformable clip member as recited in claim 21.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 25 February 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Roessler does not teach open images formed with no light emitting material present within or underneath the image. While this may be true, claim 9 only requires that the image have no *phosphorescent* material. Roessler discloses an image with no phosphorescent material (column 4, lines 1-2). Therefore, claim 9 is not allowable.

Applicant further argues that Roessler does not teach the image being a hole in the handle, so claim 9 is allowable. To the contrary, nothing in claim 9 requires a hole. It just requires an image with no phosphorescent material. Roessler shows this (column 4, lines 1-2). Therefore, claim 9 is not allowable.

Arguments concerning claims 1 and 21 are accepted.

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sharon E. Payne whose telephone number is (571) 272-2379. The examiner can normally be reached on regular business hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra O'Shea can be reached on (571) 272-2378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

9. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Supervisory Patent Examiner **Technology Center 2800**